The Pass of Tempe, Thessaly, Greece

Edward Lear



REF: 3316

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Description

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Edward Lear (1812-1888)
Pass of Tempe, Thessaly, Greece

Signed with artist's monogram, lower right and inscribed Tempe and further indistinctly inscribed in Greek. Further inscribed in ink on the mount: The long divine Peneian Pass,-/To E. L on his travels in Greece.) Further inscribed Pass of Tempe/Thessaly./Greece. and numbered 108.
Grey wash with touches of scratching out
9.7 by 14.4 cm; 3 ¾ by 5 ¾ in.

Provenance:
The Tennyson Family;
Tennyson Research Centre, Lincoln until 1980;
With Thos. Agnew & Sons (no. 47319);
Private Collection

Literature:
Ruth Pitman, Edward Lear's Tennyson, 1988, pp. 145-6, ill. p. 145

Lear had long been an admirer of the work of Alfred, Lord Tennyson (1809 - 1892). Following an introduction by their mutual friend Franklin Lushington in 1850 (whose brother was married to Tennyson's sister Cecilia), Lear sent the Tennysons a belated wedding present of his illustrated Journals of a Landscape Painter in Albania &c. In response, a little later in 1853, Tennyson wrote a poem entitled To E.L. on his travels in Greece. Their admiration for each other's work developed into friendship (which at times proved tempestuous) and a regular correspondence. Lear was always slightly in awe of the Poet Laureate and sometimes found him a daunting character, however, his admiration for the man as a poet remained undiminished.

Lear was a regular visitor to Farringford, the Tennyson's family home on the Isle of Wight and became especially close to Tennyson's wife, Emily who he described 'as 10000 angels boiled down - an essence of goodness' (Lear, Edward, 1812-1888. Diary: autograph manuscript, 1872., 1872.. Edward Lear diaries, MS Eng 797.3, (15), and their sons, Hallam and Lionel. Emily proved a great source of comfort and advice to Lear, throughout his later years, when he struggled emotionally, physically and financially. When Lear moved to San Remo in the 1870s, he named his house Villa Tennyson.

In 1852, whilst staying with Holman Hunt at Clive Vale Farm, Lear's long-held ambition of producing illustrations for some of Tennyson's poems began to take form. He decided that was to create a series of landscapes, intended as a tribute to the poet and his keen perception of landscape and to use the poem 'To EL.' as the centrepiece. His intention was to take a line, or lines, from a poem and to illustrate them with landscapes from his various journeys that he felt related directly to those lines, rather than the poem as a whole.

Lear wrote to Emily in October 1852, setting out his ideas and he worked at the project on and off from then onwards. The scheme evolved through a mixture of a small group of oils, accompanied by a larger group of watercolours, through experimenting with different formats and sizes, until by the last few years of his life, he settled on working in monochrome. He worked up groups of drawings in both brown ink and wash, and grey wash, as well as grey wash with brown ink or pencil or black highlights. Over the decades, these works became, deeply personal to the artist, allowing him to give full reign to his striving for 'poetical topography… and finally, to his idea of a record of...

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